

STRING EXPLORER SERIES

Smoky Mountain Christmas

Three Appalachian Carols

Traditional American

Arranged by Andrew H. Dabczunski (ASCAP)

INSTRUMENTATION

Conductor Score	1
Violin I	8
Violin II	8
Viola	5
Violin III (Viola ♯)	3
Cello	5
String Bass	5
Piano Accompaniment.....	1

Snowy hilltops, timeless family traditions, and the warmth of a hearth—the atmosphere of a *Smoky Mountain Christmas* is captured in this arrangement of three traditional Appalachian carols. The simple modal melodies of “Star of the East” and “Babe of Bethlehem” are passed throughout the orchestra, before concluding with the stirring spiritual “Rise Up Shepherd and Follow.” The keys, meters, and bowings are all playable by second-year string students, but intermediate and advanced students also will find this a satisfying holiday concert piece.



PROGRAM NOTES

Snowy hilltops, timeless family traditions, and the warmth of a hearth—the atmosphere of a *Smoky Mountain Christmas* is captured in this arrangement of three traditional Appalachian carols. After a short introduction, the simple modal melody of “Star of the East” is heard (also known as “Brightest and Best”). Some say this carol has British roots, but it is widely considered an Appalachian tune. “Babe of Bethlehem” is heard next, a subdued melody drawn from early 19th century “shape note” singing practices. The piece ends with a setting of the stirring, familiar spiritual “Rise Up Shepherd and Follow.” The orchestra sections answer each other back and forth, reminiscent of the “lining out” African-American singing tradition. The piece fades quietly away, as might a *Smoky Mountain Christmas* eve of years gone by.

NOTES TO THE CONDUCTOR

Following a four-measure introduction in C drawn from “Rise Up Shepherd and Follow” and a unison fermata (m. 4), the medley begins with a setting of the modal “Star of the East” (also known as “Brightest and Best”) in A-Aeolian mode (C Major key signature). Students should recognize that the melody arches to a peak at measure 25. A shift to 3/4 meter, a slightly faster tempo, and a direct modulation to D-Dorian mode (m. 34, G Major key signature) mark the beginning of the southern hymn “Babe of Bethlehem,” with the melody presented in the violas and cellos (mm. 34–44); this carol setting should feel “in one.”

The melody shifts to the first violins (mm. 45–60), joined by the violas for a brief time (mm. 53–55). A diminuendo and ritard (mm. 59–60) lead to a direct modulation to D Major and the beginning of “Rise Up Shepherd” in slightly slower 4/4 time. Care should be taken in this transition to subordinate the held D pitch (violas, cellos, basses, mm. 61–62) under the quiet main theme presented by the violins. The orchestra texture—alternating 2-measure theme segments—suggests the “lining out” tradition common to spirituals (mm. 62–82). A ritard and fermata (m. 81) transition to a slower, broader tempo for a final statement of the “Rise Up Shepherd” theme. Following a swelling cadence, the parts hold and fade to a quiet ending.

Smoky Mountain Christmas

Three Appalachian Carols

CONDUCTOR SCORE
Duration - 3:30

Traditional American

Arranged by Andrew H. Dabczynski (ASCAP)

Violins

Distantly ($\text{♩} = 80$)

Violins I & II

Viola (Violin III)

Cello

String Bass

Piano Accompaniment

1 2 3 4

Vlns.

Vla.
(Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno.
Accomp.

5 Andante (feeling "in two") ($\text{♩} = 116$)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

5 6 7 8 9

Musical score page 4, measures 10-14. The score includes parts for Vlns. I, Vlns. II, Vla. (Vln. III), Cello, Str. Bass, and Pno. Accomp. Measure 10: Vlns. I (quarter note), Vlns. II (eighth note), Vla. (Vln. III) (eighth note), Cello (eighth note), Str. Bass (eighth note). Measure 11: Vlns. I (eighth note), Vlns. II (eighth note), Vla. (Vln. III) (eighth note), Cello (eighth note), Str. Bass (eighth note). Measure 12: Vlns. I (eighth note), Vlns. II (eighth note), Vla. (Vln. III) (eighth note), Cello (eighth note), Str. Bass (eighth note). Measure 13: Vlns. I (eighth note), Vlns. II (eighth note), Vla. (Vln. III) (eighth note), Cello (eighth note), Str. Bass (eighth note). Measure 14: Vlns. I (eighth note), Vlns. II (eighth note), Vla. (Vln. III) (eighth note), Cello (eighth note), Str. Bass (eighth note). The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout.

Musical score page 4, measures 15-19. The score includes parts for Vlns., Vla. (Vln. III), Cello, Str. Bass, and Pno. Accomp. Measures 15-17 show a continuation of the melodic line with eighth-note patterns. Measures 18-19 show a harmonic progression with chords. The piano accompaniment continues to provide harmonic support.

Vlns.

II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

20 21 22 23

Vlns.

II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

24 25 26 27 28

44830S

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

Pno. Accomp.

29 30 31 32 33

Preview Requires Purchase

Legal Use

34 Slightly faster ($\text{♩} = 120$)

Vlns.

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

Pno. Accomp.

34 Slightly faster ($\text{♩} = 120$)

34 35 36 37 38

1.

Vlns.
II
Vla.
(Vln. III)
Cello
Str. Bass
Pno.
Accomp.

39 40 41 42 43

1.

Vlns.
II
Vla.
(Vln. III)
Cello
Str. Bass
Pno.
Accomp.

44 45 46 47

44830S

A tempo

rit.

Vlns. I

Vlns. II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

48 49 50 51 52

A tempo

Review Only

53

Vlns. I

Vlns. II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

53 54 55 56 57

Review Only

Legal Use Requires Purchase

44830S

Vlns. I

Vlns. II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

rit.

61

Moderato (♩ = 90)

58 59 60 61

Vlns. I

Vlns. II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

pp

mf

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

62 63 64 65

I
Vlns.
II
Vla.
(Vln. III)
Cello
Str. Bass
Pno.
Accomp.

66 67 68 69

Vlns.
II
Vla.
(Vln. III)
Cello
Str. Bass
Pno.
Accomp.

70 71 72 73

Vlns.

II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

74 75 76 77

Vlns.

II

Vla. (Vln. III)

Cello

Str. Bass

Pno. Accomp.

78 79 80 81

[82] Slower, broadly ($\text{♩} = 70$)

Musical score for measures 82-84. The score includes parts for Vlns. I, II, Vla. (Vln. III), Cello, Str. Bass, and Pno. Accomp. The instrumentation is as follows:

- Vlns. I:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Vlns. II:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Vla. (Vln. III):** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Cello:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Str. Bass:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Pno. Accomp.:** Treble and bass staves, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: p .

[82] Slower, broadly ($\text{♩} = 70$)

Continuation of the musical score for measures 82-84. The instrumentation remains the same:

- Vlns. I:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Vlns. II:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Vla. (Vln. III):** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Cello:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Str. Bass:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: mp .
- Pno. Accomp.:** Treble and bass staves, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: p .

82

83

84

Continuation of the musical score for measures 85-88. The instrumentation changes to:

- Vlns. I:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.
- Vlns. II:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.
- Vla. (Vln. III):** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.
- Cello:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.
- Str. Bass:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.
- Pno. Accomp.:** Treble and bass staves, 4/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: $mf \searrow pp$.

85

86

87

88